

# **EVH Clinical Guideline 5050.CC for Nucala** (mepolizumab)

Guideline Number: EVH_CG_5050.CC	Applicable Codes	
"Evolent" refers to Evolent Health LLC and Evolent Specialty Services, Inc. © 2022 - 2025 Evolent. All rights Reserved.		
Original Date:	Last Revised Date:	Implementation Date:
March 2022	October 2025	December 2025

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

STATEMENT	3
GENERAL INFORMATION	3
Purpose	
Scope	3
INITIAL REVIEW CRITERIA	3
ASTHMA	
CHRONIC RHINOSINUSITIS WITH NASAL POLYPS (CRSWNP)	
CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE (COPD)	5
EOSINOPHILIC GRANULOMATOSIS WITH POLYANGIITIS (EGPA)	
HYPEREOSINOPHILIC SYNDROME (HES)	6
REAUTHORIZATION CRITERIA	7
ASTHMA	
CHRONIC RHINOSINUSITIS WITH NASAL POLYPS (CRSWNP)	7
CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE (COPD)	
EOSINOPHILIC GRANULOMATOSIS WITH POLYANGIITIS (EGPA)	
HYPEREOSINOPHILIC SYNDROME (HES)	8
APPROVAL DURATIONS	8
APPENDIX	c
TABLE 1: HIGH DAILY METERED DOSES OF INHALED CORTICOSTEROIDS – ADAPTED FROM GINA 2025	
GUIDELINES	9
CODING AND STANDARDS	
CODING AND STANDARDS	
APPLICABLE LINES OF BUSINESS	
BACKGROUND	
DEFINITIONS	
POLICY HISTORY	10
LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE	11
GUIDELINE APPROVAL	
Committee	



DISCLAIMER	<i>'</i>	11
REFERENCES		12



#### **STATEMENT**

#### **General Information**

- It is the policy of the Health Plan to maintain a prior authorization process that promotes appropriate utilization of specific drugs with potential for misuse or limited indications. This process involves a review using Food and Drug Administration (FDA) criteria to make a determination of Medical Necessity, and approval by the Medical Policy Committee.
- If the established criteria are not met, the request is referred to a Medical Director for review, if required for the plan and level of request.

#### **Purpose**

The purpose of this guideline is to define the prior authorization process for Nucala (mepolizumab).

## Scope

This guideline applies to all practitioners who are involved in providing the requested drug. This guideline is specific to the Health Plan's medical benefit.

#### **INITIAL REVIEW CRITERIA**

The request must meet all of the criteria listed under the diagnosis-specific sections below.

#### **Asthma**

- Must be prescribed by or in consultation with an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
- Must be 6 years or older
- Must have chart documentation supporting a diagnosis of severe persistent asthma, with the member meeting ONE of the following:
  - Baseline blood eosinophil count of ≥150 cells/mL
  - o Member is dependent on systemic corticosteroids
- Dose should not exceed 100mg every 4 weeks
- Must have asthma symptoms that have not been adequately controlled on an optimized medication regimen, defined by ONE of the following:
  - o Hospitalization or emergency visit for asthma in the past year
  - Requirement for systemic (oral, parenteral) corticosteroids to control exacerbations of asthma on TWO occurrences in the past year
  - o On daily corticosteroid with inability to taper off



- Must have tried a high dose inhaled corticosteroid (see <u>Table 1 in Appendix</u> for ICS dosing guide) in combination with **ONE** of the following:
  - o Inhaled long-acting beta agonist
  - Inhaled long-acting muscarinic antagonist
  - Leukotriene receptor antagonist
  - Theophylline
- Must have documentation or attestation from the provider of the following:
  - Will not be used with another biologic or targeted synthetic drug for asthma, such as Xolair (omalizumab) or Cinqair (reslizumab)
  - o The member will continue to use maintenance asthma treatments (e.g., inhaled corticosteroid, additional controller) in combination with the requested medication

## **Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps (CRSwNP)**

- Must be 18 years or older
- Must be prescribed by an allergist, immunologist, or otolaryngologist (ENT)
- Must have a diagnosis of bilateral nasal polyps with documentation of at least ONE of the following:
  - Bilateral nasal endoscopy, anterior rhinoscopy, or computed tomography (CT) showing polyps reaching below the lower border of the middle turbinate or beyond in each nostril
  - Meltzer Clinical Score of 2 or higher in both nostrils
  - Total endoscopic nasal polyp score (NPS) of at least 5 with a minimum score of 2 for each nostril
- Must have documentation showing symptoms of nasal blockage, congestion, or obstruction plus ONE additional symptom below:
  - o Rhinorrhea (anterior/posterior)
  - o Reduction or loss of smell
  - Facial pain or pressure
- Dose should not exceed 100mg every 4 weeks
- Must have documentation of an adequate trial of nasal corticosteroids for at least TWO months with an inadequate response or significant side effects/toxicity or have a contraindication to these therapies
- Must have documentation of ONE of the following:
  - o Prior sino-nasal surgery
  - Prior treatment with systemic corticosteroids within the last two years was ineffective, unless contraindicated or not tolerated



- Must have documentation or attestation from the provider of the following:
  - That the requested medication will not be used with another biologic or targeted synthetic drug for CRSwNP, such as Xolair (omalizumab)
  - o That the member will continue to use a daily intranasal corticosteroid while being treated with the requested medication, unless contraindicated or not tolerated

## **Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)**

- Must have a diagnosis of COPD with moderate to severe airflow limitation, defined as both the following:
  - Post-bronchodilator forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV<sub>1</sub>)/forced vital capacity (FVC) ratio less than 0.7
  - Post-bronchodilator FEV<sub>1</sub> of 20-80% predicted
- Must have classic signs or symptoms of COPD (e.g., dyspnea, wheezing, chest tightness, fatigue, activity limitation, cough with or without sputum production, chronic bronchitis
- Must have ONE of the following eosinophil levels:
  - o ≥150 cell/mcL right before initiating therapy with the requested medication OR
  - o ≥300 cells/mcL in the previous 12 months
- Must have documentation that the member has inadequately controlled COPD as demonstrated by experiencing either of the following in the last year:
  - At least two moderate exacerbations resulting in treatment with systemic glucocorticoids, antibiotics, or both **OR**
  - One or more severe exacerbation(s) requiring hospitalization or an emergency medical care visit
- Must be currently receiving maintenance inhaled triple therapy (i.e., inhaled corticosteroid [ICS], long-acting muscarinic antagonist [LAMA], and long-acting beta2agonist [LABA]), unless there is a contraindication to these therapies
- Must have documentation showing the member will continue to use maintenance COPD treatments (e.g., ICS with LAMA and LABA, LAMA and LABA) in combination with the requested medication
- Must be prescribed at a dose within the manufacturer's dosing guidelines (based on diagnosis, weight, etc.) listed in the FDA-approved labeling

## **Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (EGPA)**

- Must be prescribed by or in consultation with an allergist, immunologist, pulmonologist, rheumatologist, or hematologist
- Must be 18 years of age or older
- Must have a diagnosis of eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis, with chart note



documentation showing the member has at least TWO of the following disease characteristics of EGPA:

- Biopsy showing histopathological evidence of eosinophilic vasculitis, perivascular eosinophilic
- o infiltration, or eosinophil-rich granulomatous inflammation
- o Neuropathy, mono or poly (motor deficit or nerve conduction abnormality)
- Pulmonary infiltrates, non-fixed
- o Sino-nasal abnormality
- Cardiomyopathy (established by echocardiography or magnetic resonance imaging)
- o Glomerulonephritis (hematuria, red cell casts, proteinuria)
- Alveolar hemorrhage (by bronchoalveolar lavage)
- o Palpable purpura
- Anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic anti-body (ANCA) positive (Myeloperoxidase or proteinase 3)
- Must have a current or historical eosinophil count of >1000 cells/mL OR a blood eosinophil level of >10%
- Dose should not exceed 300mg every 4 weeks
- Must be currently taking oral corticosteroids, unless contraindicated or not tolerated
- Must have had at least one relapse (i.e., requiring increase in oral corticosteroids dose, initiation/increased dose of immunosuppressive therapy or hospitalization) within 2 years prior to starting treatment with the requested medication or has a refractory disease

## Hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES)

- Must be prescribed by or in consultation with an appropriate specialist such as allergist, immunologist, hematologist, or another specialist with experience in the treatment of HES
- Must be 12 years of age or older
- Must have a diagnosis of HES for six months or longer
- Dose should not exceed 300mg every 4 weeks
- Must have a historical or current blood eosinophil count of ≥ 1,000 cells/mcL
- Must have had an adequate trial of HES therapy (e.g., oral corticosteroid, immunosuppressive, and/or cytotoxic therapy)
- Must have documentation or attestation from the provider of the following:
  - o Member does not have either of the following:
    - HES secondary to a non-hematologic cause (e.g., drug hypersensitivity, parasitic helminth infection, [human immunodeficiency virus] HIV infection, non-



hematologic malignancy)

- FIP1L1-PDGFRA kinase-positive HES
- Member will not use the requested medication as monotherapy

#### REAUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

All prior authorization renewals are reviewed on an annual basis to determine the Medical Necessity for continuation of therapy. The request must meet all of the criteria listed under the diagnosis-specific sections below.

#### **Asthma**

- Must have chart note documentation showing the member's asthma control has improved, as evidenced by either:
  - o Reduction in the frequency and/or severity of symptoms and exacerbations
  - Reduction in the daily maintenance oral corticosteroid dose
- Must be prescribed at a dose within the manufacturer's dosing guidelines (based on diagnosis, weight, etc.) listed in the FDA-approved labeling
- Must have documentation or attestation from the provider of the following:
  - o That the member will continue to use maintenance asthma treatments (e.g., inhaled corticosteroid, additional controller) in combination with the requested medication
  - o Will not be used with another biologic or targeted synthetic drug for asthma, such as Xolair (omalizumab) or Cinqair (reslizumab)

## **Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps (CRSwNP)**

- Must have chart note documentation showing a beneficial response to treatment, as
  evidenced by by improvement in signs and symptoms of CRSwNP (e.g., improvement in
  nasal congestion, nasal polyp size, loss of smell, anterior or posterior rhinorrhea,
  sinonasal inflammation, hyposmia and/or facial pressure or pain or reduction in
  corticosteroid use)
- Must be prescribed at a dose within the manufacturer's dosing guidelines (based on diagnosis, weight, etc.) listed in the FDA-approved labeling
- Must have documentation or attestation from the provider of the following:
  - o That the member will continue to use a daily intranasal corticosteroid while being treated with the requested medication, unless contraindicated or not tolerated
  - Will not be used with another biologic or targeted synthetic drug for CRSwNP, such as Xolair (omalizumab)

## **Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)**



- Mut have chart note documentation showing the member has achieved or maintained a
  positive clinical response as evidenced by improvement in signs and symptoms of
  COPD (e.g., decrease in exacerbations, improvement in prebronchodilator FEV<sub>1</sub>) or
  stabilization of disease
- Must have documentation showing the member will continue to use maintenance COPD treatments (e.g., ICS with LAMA and LABA, LAMA and LABA) in combination with the requested medication
- Must be prescribed at a dose within the manufacturer's dosing guidelines (based on diagnosis, weight, etc.) listed in the FDA-approved labeling

## **Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (EGPA)**

- Must have chart note documentation showing a beneficial response to treatment, as evidenced by either:
  - A reduction in the frequency of relapses
  - A reduction in the daily oral corticosteroid dose
  - No active vasculitis
- Must be prescribed at a dose within the manufacturer's dosing guidelines (based on diagnosis, weight, etc.) listed in the FDA-approved labeling

## **Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES)**

- Must have chart note documentation showing a beneficial response to treatment, as evidenced by a reduction in HES flares since starting treatment
- Must be prescribed at a dose within the manufacturer's dosing guidelines (based on diagnosis, weight, etc.) listed in the FDA-approved labeling
- Must have documentation or attestation from the provider that the requested medication is not being used as monotherapy

#### APPROVAL DURATIONS

Initial Authorization	Up to 1 year
Reauthorization	Same as initial



## **APPENDIX**

## Table 1: High daily metered doses of inhaled corticosteroids – adapted from GINA 2025 guidelines

Inhaled Corticosteroid (ICS)	Total daily ICS high dose (mcg) – ages 6 to 11 years	Total daily ICS high dose (mcg) ages ≥12 years
Beclometasone diproprionate (pMDI, standard particle, HFA)	>400	>1000
Beclometasone diproprionate (DPI or pMDI, extrafine particle, HFA)	>200	>400
Budesonide (DPI, or pMDI, standard particle, HFA)	>400	>800
Budesonide (nebules)	>1000	N/A
Ciclesonide (pMDI, extrafine particle, HFA)	>160	>320
Fluticasone furoate (DPI)	N/A	200
Fluticasone propionate (DPI, or pMDI, standard particle, HFA)	>200	>500
Mometasone furoate (pMDI, standard particle, HFA)	200	>400

## **CODING AND STANDARDS**

#### **Codes**

Code	Brand	Description
J2182	Nucala	Injection, mepolizumab, 1mg



## **Applicable Lines of Business**

	CHIP (Children's Health Insurance Program)
	Commercial
	Exchange/Marketplace
$\boxtimes$	Medicaid
	Medicare Advantage

#### **BACKGROUND**

Nucala® (mepolizumab) is indicated for the following:

- Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years and older, and with an eosinophilic phenotype
- Add-on maintenance treatment of adult patients with inadequately controlled chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an eosinophilic phenotype
- Add-on maintenance treatment of adult patients 18 years and older with chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP)
- Treatment of adults with eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA)
- The treatment of adult and pediatric patients aged 12 years and older with hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES) for ≥6 months without an identifiable nonhematologic secondary cause

#### **Definitions**

**Severe Asthma** – As defined by the European Respiratory Society (ERS)/American Thoracic Society (ATS), severe asthma is "asthma that requires treatment with high dose inhaled corticosteroids [...] plus a second controller (and/or systemic corticosteroids) to prevent it from becoming 'uncontrolled' or which remains 'uncontrolled' despite this therapy".

## **POLICY HISTORY**

Date	Summary	
October 2025	Added COPD indication	
September 2024	Updated criteria for all indications and added indication-specific	



Date	Summary	
	reauthorization criteria	
April 2023	<ul> <li>Updated initial authorization duration to 1 year</li> <li>Changed severe asthma prerequisite number to one required</li> </ul>	
March 2022	New Guideline	

#### LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE

## **Guideline Approval**

#### **Committee**

Reviewed / Approved by Evolent Administrative Services Medical Policy Committee

#### **Disclaimer**

Evolent Clinical Guidelines do not constitute medical advice. Treating health care professionals are solely responsible for diagnosis, treatment, and medical advice. Evolent uses Clinical Guidelines in accordance with its contractual obligations to provide utilization management. Coverage for services varies for individual members according to the terms of their health care coverage or government program. Individual members' health care coverage may not utilize some Evolent Clinical Guidelines. Evolent clinical guidelines contain guidance that requires prior authorization and service limitations. A list of procedure codes, services or drugs may not be all inclusive and does not imply that a service or drug is a covered or noncovered service or drug. Evolent reserves the right to review and update this Clinical Guideline in its sole discretion. Notice of any changes shall be provided as required by applicable provider agreements and laws or regulations. Members should contact their Plan customer service representative for specific coverage information.



#### REFERENCES

- 1. Nucala [Prescribing Information]. Philadelphia, PA: GlaxoSmithKline; August 2025.
- 2. Ortega HG, Liu MC, Pavord ID, et al. Mepolizumab treatment in patients with severe eosinophilic asthma. N Engl J Med. 2014;371:1198-1207.
- 3. Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis. American Partnership for Eosinophilic Disorders. http://apfed.org/about-ead/eosinophilic-granulomatosis-with-polyangiitis/
- Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis. National Institutes of Health. Genetic and Rate Diseases Information Center. https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/6111/eosinophilic- granulomatosis-withpolyangiitis
- 5. Wechsler ME, Akuthota P, Jayne D, et al. Mepolizumab or Placebo for Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis. N Engl J Med. 2017; 376:1921-1932.
- 6. Holguin F, Cardet JC, Chung KF, et al. Management of severe asthma: a European Respiratory Society/American Thoracic Society guideline. Eur Respir J 2020; 55: 1900588 [https://doi.org/ 10.1183/13993003.00588-2019].
- 7. GlaxoSmithKline. A Study to Investigate Mepolizumab in the Treatment of Eosinophilic Granulomatosis With Polyangiitis. Available from https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/record/NCT02020889. NLM identifier: NCT02020889. Accessed March 14, 2023.
- 8. 2025 Global Initiative for Asthma (GINA) Report: Global Strategy for Asthma Management and Prevention. https://ginasthma.org/2025-gina-strategy-report/