

CLINICAL POLICY AND PROCEDURE MANUAL

Policy Number: PA.253.CC Last Review Date: 11/21/2024 Effective Date: 12/01/2024

PA.253.CC Utilization Review Process

Summary

The purpose of this policy is to define medical necessity, how and by whom it is applied, and the turnaround times to render the determination.

Policy

It is the policy of CountyCare Health (CountyCare), to promote the delivery of highquality care in the most appropriate setting and to authorize payment for covered services that are Medically Necessary, as otherwise required by government program requirements, federal and state law, and regulation.

It is the policy of CountyCare, not to prohibit providers from advocating on behalf of members within the utilization process and supports open provider-patient communication regarding appropriate treatment alternatives. CountyCare does not penalize health care providers for discussing medically necessary appropriate care for a patient.

All adverse decisions are made by reviewers who are not compensated by CountyCare and are handled in a manner that does not violate any law or that deters the delivery of medically appropriate care.

PROCEDURE

A. General

- Requests for authorization of healthcare services are reviewed by a Utilization Management (UM) reviewer against medical policy or licensed medical necessity criteria. If the policy or criteria are not met, if the request has no written policy or criteria or if by plan guidelines it requires physician review, the reviewer refers the case to the Medical Director. All available pertinent information (including requests with incomplete clinical information) and documentation is forwarded to a Medical Director for review and the reviewer remains available to discuss the case with a Medical Director, if necessary, to facilitate the exchange of information.
- Services supporting individuals with ongoing or chronic conditions, or who require Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS), shall be authorized in a



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manner that reflects the Enrollee's ongoing need for such services.

- For authorizations for Managed Long-Term Services and Supports (MLTSS)
 Enrollees residing in a Nursing Facility (NF), if a response to the authorization is
 not provided within twenty-four (24) hours of the request and the NF is required
 by regulation to provide a service because a Physician ordered it, the
 authorization requirement is removed in order for the service to be paid as long
 as it is a Covered Service and consistent with the policies and procedures of
 County Care.
- Self-referrals to American Indian Health Services of Chicago for behavioral health services do not require an authorization.
- All requests for medical necessity review will be documented within the appropriate medical management system and will include date of receipt, date of decision, and date of notification.
- The CountyCare Medical Director reviews requests according to Utilization Management requirements. Each case is reviewed to determine if the requested service is medically necessary and appropriate. A CountyCare Medical Director can approve or deny services based on application of the medical necessity definition, clinical criteria, policy and procedures, coverage guideline, pertinent regional practice, and/or clinical judgment. Adverse determinations are made by a physician who has experience treating and managing patients with the medical condition or disease for which authorization was requested.
- When applying the medical necessity definition to a service request, the medical director considers the individual's needs (member's age, comorbidities, complications, progress of treatment, psychosocial situation and home environment), the characteristics and the availability of the local delivery system (skilled nursing facilities, sub-acute facilities, homecare or an alternate level-ofservices) and product/benefit design.
- The medical director consults, at his/her discretion, peer review consultants, a
 board-certified specialty physician with appropriate experience, to offer their
 expertise regarding the appropriateness of a request, given the clinical
 presentation. Any consultation with a specialty physician is documented in the
 review.
- The medical director may consult, as necessary, the attending physician for additional clinical information. A consultation is also available upon request to discuss the case with the attending physician.



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- The CountyCare Medical Director notifies the UM reviewer of his/her decision with appropriate rationale.
- If the Medical Director denies the request, the adverse benefit determination letter includes:
 - Reasons for the determination.
 - Right of Enrollee to request and be provided, free of cost, access to and copies of all relevant information.
 - Right of Enrollee to request an Appeal and procedures to request an Appeal, including an expedited Appeal; and
 - Enrollee's right to request and have benefits continue during the Appeal process.
 - Timeframes for filing and completing the appeal process.

Timeliness of Review Decisions

CountyCare shall authorize or deny covered services that require prior authorization as expeditiously as the enrollee's health condition requires.

All levels of medical review are conducted within the required timeframes per 42 CFR §438.404(c) and outlined below:

Precertification Turnaround Times:

- **Urgent:** review and determination are completed within Forty-eight (48) hours of receipt of the request for a utilization management determination
- Non-urgent: Review and determination are completed within four 4 calendar days of receiving all necessary information, not to exceed fourteen (14) calendar days from receipt of request. Necessary information includes the results of faceto-face clinical evaluations, second opinions, or other clinical information required by the issuer/URO.
 - A possible extension of up to four (4) calendar days for Non-urgent cases may be given if the following criteria are met:
 - If the enrollee requests the extension or CountyCare informs the provider that there is a need for additional written justification demonstrating that the covered service is medically necessary, and the enrollee will not be harmed by the extension.
 - Notification is provided to the patient, prior to the expiration of the review period and includes the circumstances requiring the extension and the date when the plan expects to make a decision; and
 - If a patient fails to submit necessary information to decide the case,



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the notice of extension must specifically describe the required information, and the patient must be given at least forty-five (45) calendar days from receipt of the notice to respond to the plan request for more information.

Concurrent Turnaround Times:

- For reductions or terminations in a previously approved course of treatment, the
 determination is issued early enough to allow the patient to request a review and
 receive a decision before the reduction or termination occurs.
- For requests to extend a current course of treatment received at least twenty-four (24) hours before the expiration of the current period, review and determination are completed within two (2) calendar days.
- For requests to extend a current course of treatment received less than twentyfour (24) hours before the expiration of the current period, review and determination are completed within seventy-two (72) hours.
- The practitioner/facility is notified via phone of the decision on the day of determination.

Retrospective Turnaround Times: The review, decision, and notification occur within thirty (30) days of receipt of request. Cases may be extended for up to fifteen (15) calendar days if the following criteria are met:

- It is determined that an extension is necessary because of matters beyond CountyCare's control; and
- Notification is provided to the patient, prior to the expiration of the initial thirty (30) calendar day period of the circumstances requiring the extension and the date when the plan expects to make a decision; and
- If a patient fails to submit necessary information to decide the case, the notice of extension must specifically describe the required information, and the patient must be given at least forty-five (45) calendar days from receipt of the notice to respond to the plan request for more information.

Healthcare services are deemed authorized if the Health Plan fails to comply with these deadlines. A failure by the health plan to comply with the deadlines and other requirements shall result in any health care services subject to review to be automatically deemed authorized by the health plan.

Length of prior authorization approval.

A prior authorization approval shall be valid for the lesser of 6 months after the date the health care professional or health care provider receives the prior authorization approval or the length of treatment as determined by the patient's health care professional or the



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renewal of the plan, and the approval period shall be effective regardless of any changes. This does not apply to coverage of any care, treatment, or services for any health condition that the terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the policy's covered benefits without regard for whether the care, treatment, or services are medically necessary.

Length of prior authorization approval for treatment for chronic or long-term conditions.

If the health plan requires a prior authorization for a recurring health care service, the approval shall remain valid for the lesser of 12 months from the date the health care professional or health care provider receives the prior authorization approval, or the length of the treatment as determined by the patient's health care professional. This does not apply to coverage of any care, treatment, or services for any health condition that the terms of coverage otherwise completely exclude from the policy's covered benefits without regard for whether the care, treatment, or services are medically necessary.

Follow-Up After a Mental Health Crisis Event.

The health plan promotes access to delivery of crisis stabilization and follow-up services by linking Enrollees who have been community stabilized following a Crisis event with an urgent appointment with a mental health provider within one (1) Business Day after the Crisis event, if deemed Medically Necessary.

The health plan shall not require prior authorization of outpatient mental health services for thirty (30) days post-Crisis.

Potential Quality of Care Issues

Any potential quality-of-care issues that are identified during the pre-service decision/prior authorization process by the UM Reviewer (UM RN Care Advisor, BH Care Advisor, UM Medical Director and/or UM Letter Writer) are referred to the Quality Department for investigation and resolution.

Definitions

1. Adverse Benefit Determination: The denial or limitation of authorization of a requested service; the reduction, suspension, or termination of a previously authorized service; the denial of payment for a service, not including a denial solely because the claim does not meet the definition of a "clean claim" at 42 CFR §447.45(b); the failure to provide services in a timely manner; the failure to respond to an Appeal or Grievance in a timely manner; solely with respect to an MCO that is the only Contractor serving a Rural Area, the denial of an Enrollee's request to obtain services beyond the travel time and distance standards established for an Enrollee who lives in a Rural Area as set forth in section 5.8.1.1; or, the denial of an



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Enrollee's request to dispute a financial liability, including cost sharing.

- 2. Health care services: Any services included in the furnishing to any individual of medical care, or the hospitalization incident to the furnishing of such care, as well as the furnishing to any person of all other services for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or healing human illness or injury including home health and pharmaceutical services and products.
- 3. Investigational/Experimental Procedures: Defined as a procedure, device or pharmaceutical agent that is still undergoing pre-clinical or clinical evaluation, and/or has not yet received regulatory approval. It is the use of a service, procedure or supply that is not recognized by the Plan as standard medical care for the condition, disease, illness or injury being treated. A service, procedure or supply includes but is not limited to the diagnostic service, treatment, facility, equipment, drug or device. When basic safety and efficacy have been demonstrated by the experimental scientific process, the investigational phase begins.
- 4. Long-Term Care (LTC) Facility or Nursing Facility CNF) means: A facility that provides Skilled Nursing or intermediate long-term care services, whether public or private and whether organized for profit or not-for-profit, that is subject to licensure by the DPH under the Nursing Home Care Act, including a county nursing home directed and maintained under Section 5-1005 of the Counties Code; and (ii) a part of a hospital in which Skilled Nursing or intermediate long-term care services within the meaning of Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act are provided.
- 5. Managed Long-Term Services and Supports (MLTSS): Program for seniors and persons with disabilities who have full Medicaid and Medicare benefits and opt-out of the Medicare-Medicaid Alignment Initiative. The Managed Long-Term Services and Supports program started in Illinois in 2016. It operates in the Greater Chicago Region.
- 6. Medically necessary (medical necessity): As per Illinois 215 ILCS 200 section 15, (HB711), medically necessary is defined as a health care professional exercising prudent clinical judgment would provide care to a patient for the purpose of preventing, diagnosing, or treating an illness, injury, disease, or its symptoms and that are:
 - (i) in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice;
 - (ii) clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site, and duration and are considered effective for the patient's illness, injury, or disease; and
 - (iii) not primarily for the convenience of the patient, treating physician, other health care professional, caregiver, family member, or other interested party, but focused on what is best for the patient's health outcome.



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Per the STATE OF ILLINOIS MCCN CONTRACT Section 1.1.127

Medically Necessary means services that, when recommended by a Provider for an Enrollee, are: for the purpose of preventing, diagnosing, or treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms; to assist in the Enrollee's ability to attain, maintain, or regain functional capacity; for the opportunity for an Enrollee receiving LTSS to have access to the benefits of community living, to achieve person centered goals, and live and work in the setting of the Enrollee's choice; or, for an Enrollee to achieve age-appropriate growth and development. Medically Necessary services are requested in accordance with applicable policies and procedures, and provided in a manner that is: (1) in accordance with generally accepted standards of good medical practice in the medical community; (2) consistent with nationally recognized evidence-based guidelines; (3) clinically appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, site, and duration; and (4) not primarily for the economic benefit of the Contractor or for the convenience of the Enrollee or Provider.

A Medically Necessary service is a service that is appropriate, as indicated in State statutes and regulations for the diagnosis or treatment of a covered illness or injury, for the prevention of future disease; to assist in the Enrollee's ability to attain, maintain, or regain functional capacity; have access to the benefits of community living, to achieve person-centered goals, and live and work in the setting of the Enrollee's choice; or for Enrollee to achieve age-appropriate growth and development.

- 7. Medical Director-Behavioral Health: CountyCare Medical Director of Behavioral Health is an Illinois-licensed physician who oversees the behavioral health aspects of the CountyCare utilization management program, the ongoing clinical training and education of the behavioral health clinical staff and setting policy. Licensed doctoral-level clinical psychologists (or certified addiction medicine specialists when appropriate) may oversee behavioral healthcare UM decisions within the scope of their license to practice, as permitted under state and federal law. The Medical Director of Behavioral Health holds an unrestricted physician license and reports to the Senior Vice President of Clinical Operations. Reference UM 548 UM Department Staffing.
- 8. **Medical Director Physical Health**: CountyCare Medical Director of Physical Health is an Illinois licensed physician without restriction with a minimum of 5 years of experience in direct practice for making review determinations for cases that do not meet the evidenced base clinical resources applied by clinical review staff. Licensed doctoral-level clinical psychologists (or certified addiction medicine specialists when appropriate) may oversee behavioral healthcare UM decisions as long as it is within the scope of their license to practice.

A CountyCare Health medical director and/or designee (e.g., IRO) can apply CountyCare's medical necessity definition for the purposes of rendering an



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organizational determination. This position shall be actively involved in all delegated clinical program components.

A CountyCare Medical Director may be responsible for the above functions and additionally oversees daily utilization management and serves in a supporting role as medical/behavioral manager and policy advisor to the company and clients.

- 9. Urgent health care service: A health care service with respect to which the application of the time periods for making a non-expedited prior authorization that in the opinion of a health care professional with knowledge of the enrollee's medical condition:
 - (i) could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the enrollee or the ability of the enrollee to regain maximum function; or
 - (ii) could subject the enrollee to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the care or treatment that is the subject of the utilization review.
- 10. Utilization Management Reviewer (Reviewer) The review staff consists of RNs, Physicians, Physician assistants, or licensed practical nurses who are experienced in inpatient reviews and who operate under the direct supervision of a Registered Nurse, Physician, or Physician assistant. Non-physician reviewers i.e., Utilization Management (UM) Inpatient Care Advisor (ICA), Behavioral Health (BH), Care Advisor, Behavioral Health (BH) Utilization Manager (UM), UM Care Managers (UM CM), UM RN, who review the available clinical information for a requested authorization against client medical policy, licensed medical necessity criteria, benefit structure and plan rules. If medical necessity criteria, et al are met, and the service is to be provided within the County Care Health's network of participating providers, the reviewer approves the case. If the guidelines and/or criteria are not met, or provided outside the network, the reviewer refers the case to a Medical Director.

See Also

This policy documents the medical necessity review process. For the Determination of Medical Necessity, please refer to PA.252 Determination of Medical Necessity.

Codes

N/A

References

- Centers for Medicare & Medicaid. 42 CFR 438 MMC Service. Authorization and Appeals. §438.404 Notice of action (c) Timing of Notice. https://www.medicaid.gov/sites/default/files/2020-02/managed-care-regulations-42-cfr-part-438.pdf
- 2. Illinois General Assembly. Insurance. Prior Authorization Reform Act. 215 ILCS 200. Section 15 (HB711).



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https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs3.asp?ActID=4201&ChapterID=22

3. Illinois Healthcare and Family Services (HFS). Medicaid Managed Care Manual. Appendix II (Rev. 2) Definitions, Abbreviations and Acronyms. 1.1.127. https://hfs.illinois.gov/content/dam/soi/en/web/hfs/info/medicaidmanagedcarerfp/documents/2018-24-001-appendix-II-rev2.pdf

Revision History

Revision	Date
Policy created	09/11/2023
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Annual Review; No updates needed	11/21/2024

Disclaimer

CountyCare medical payment and prior authorization policies do not constitute medical advice and are not intended to govern or otherwise influence the practice of medicine. The policies constitute only the reimbursement and coverage guidelines of CountyCare and its affiliated managed care entities. Coverage for services varies for individual members in accordance with the terms and conditions of applicable Certificates of Coverage, Summary Plan Descriptions, or contracts with governing regulatory agencies.

CountyCare reserves the right to review and update the medical payment and prior authorization guidelines in its sole discretion. Notice of such changes, if necessary, shall be provided in accordance with the terms and conditions of provider agreements and any applicable laws or regulations.

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